S.R. _____ H.R. ____

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SENATE RESOLUTION NO.
                         BY RAGAN and SEYMOUR
  3 A Resolution to recognize the work of the federal
         Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)
         and the efforts to reduce the incidence of
         vaccine=preventable influenza.
         WHEREAS, influenza is the most frequent cause of
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   8 death from a vaccine=preventable disease in the United
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   9 States; and
         WHEREAS, between 1990 and 1999, an average of
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1 11 36,000 influenza=associated pulmonary and circulatory 1 12 deaths occurred during each influenza season; and
1 13 WHEREAS, influenza is also responsible for an 1 14 average of 200,000 hospitalizations per year; and 1 15 WHEREAS, health officials estimate that influenza
1 16 and other respiratory viruses may be the cause of
1 17 death for approximately 20 children in Iowa this
1 18 winter; and
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         WHEREAS, health experts believe vaccinating
1 20 children may help prevent deaths and prevent the
  21 illness from spreading to adults and the elderly; and 22 WHEREAS, ACIP makes the official federal
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1 23 recommendations for the use of vaccines and
  24 immunizations in the United States; and
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         WHEREAS, ACIP consists of 15 experts in fields
1 26 associated with immunization who have been selected by
  27 the secretary of the United States Department of
  28 Health and Human Services; and
         WHEREAS, ACIP's recommendations are routinely
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  30 adopted by the centers for disease control and
   1 prevention, which issues vaccination guidelines to 2 doctors and hospitals; and
         WHEREAS, ACIP recommends routine influenza
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   4 vaccination for all children aged six months through 5 18 years, except those who are contraindicated,
   6 effective July 1, 2008; and
   7 WHEREAS, influenza vaccination is currently
8 recommended for those considered to be at high risk
9 for severe complications from influenza including
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2 10 children ages six months to five years, adults 50 or
  11 more years of age, and people with weakened immune
2 12 systems, as well as persons who live or care for
2 13 people at high risk; and
2 14 WHEREAS, vaccine manufacturers are expected to 2 15 produce enough vaccine doses to ensure that supplies
2 16 meet the demand of persons considered to be at high
2 17 risk and persons covered by the new expanded
2 18 vaccination recommendations; and
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         WHEREAS, the need to increase the vaccination rate
  20 for children is a national priority and the health
  21\ \mathrm{care}\ \mathrm{system}\ \mathrm{may}\ \mathrm{not}\ \mathrm{be}\ \mathrm{prepared}\ \mathrm{to}\ \mathrm{accommodate}\ 30
  22 million children; and
         WHEREAS, recent studies suggest school=based
  24 vaccination programs are an effective way to vaccinate
  25 children while reducing community infection rates and
2 26 reducing rates of school absenteeism due to influenza;
  27 and
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         WHEREAS, increased communication with and education
  29 of parents and health care providers can increase the
  30 rate of vaccination for children and adults and may
   1 reduce infection and serious illness; NOW THEREFORE, 2 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE, That the Senate
   3 commends ACIP for its recommendation to immunize all
   4 children ages six months through 18 years beginning
   5 July 1, 2008; and
         BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Senate supports
   7 the efforts to reduce the incidence of
   8 vaccine=preventable diseases in the United States,
   9 including communication and education programs to
3 10 encourage influenza vaccination to reduce infection
3 11 and serious illness; and
         BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Senate encourages
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- 3 13 increased funding for the delivery of influenza 3 14 vaccines to children, including school=based 3 15 vaccination programs. 3 16 LSB 6624SS 82 3 17 md/nh/5